

## ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE JAIPUR MAHAPURA ROAD NEVTA, JAIPUR

Department: SCIENCE Class: BSc SEM-1

## **Question Bank- CHEMISTRY-1**

Paper Code & Name of Paper: CHM-5IT-101: Structure-bonding, Mathematical concepts, and States of matter

## Short answer type questions

- 1. At what temperature does the volume of any gas become zero?
- 2. Write down the values of Avogadro's number (N) and ideal gas constant (R)
- 3. Which of the two graphs will be a straight line at the constant temperature, P versus V or P versus I/V.
- 4. Define the most probable velocity.
- 5. What is the van der Waal's volume correction and pressure correction?
- 6. What is excluded volume?
- 7. Define radius ratio in ionic solids
- 8. Define lattice energy
- 9. What is the crystal structure of NaCl?
- 10. Name two semiconductors containing F -centers
- 11. Draw the shape of the NH<sub>3</sub> molecule
- 12. What is transition temperature?
- 13. Define point group
- 14. Define the center of symmetry
- 15. Define unit cell

- 16. Draw the (222) plane for a cubic crystal
- 17. What is Bragg's equation
- 18. What is isotropy?
- 19. What is the crystal structure of CsCl?
- 20. Define Boyle's temperature

## **Long Answer Type Questions**

- 1. Explain the following
  - (a) Frenkel
  - (b) Schottky Defects
  - (c) Solubility of alkaline earth metal sulphates decreases in the order

$$MgSO_4 > Ca SO_4 > SrSO_4 > BaSO_4 >$$

- 2. Discuss in brief:
  - (a) Band theory by taking the example of Lithium Metal
  - (b) Write Fajan's Rule
  - (c) Hydrogen Bonding
- 3. Explain
  - (a) What is VSEPR theory? Different rules of VSEPR theory
  - (b) Structure of SF<sub>4</sub> on the basis of VSEPR theory
- 4. Write down bond order and number of unpaired electrons of each species
  - (a)  $O_2$ ,  $O_2^+$ ,  $O_2^-$ ,  $O_2^{-2}$
  - (b) Why is the dipole moment of NH<sub>3</sub> much higher than NF<sub>3</sub>?
- 5. Answer the following
  - a) Prove log 96=5log2+ log3
  - b) Find out the values of the following factorials 2!,6! And 9!
  - c) What is the value of 0!
- 6. How the liquid crystals are classified? Explain

- 7. (a) What are the main postulates of the kinetic theory of gases?
  - (b) Derive Kinetic gas equation
- 8. Explain the following
  - a) Critical phenomenon and critical constant
  - b) Prove that RTc/PcVc= 8/3 where Pc, Vc and Tc are critical constants
- 9. (a) Define the law of rational indices
  - (b) What is law of symmetry.
  - (c) Symmetry elements in crystals
- 10. (a) Derive Bragg's Equation for crystals
  - (b)Discuss the crystal structure of CsCl
- 11. Explain the following:
  - (a) Elastic and non-elastic gel
  - (b) Electro Osmosis
  - (c) Electrophoresis
- 12. Describe
  - (a) The methods for the preparation of colloidal solution
  - (b) Hardy and Schlze's law for coagulation of lyophobic colloids
- 13. Write short notes on
  - (a) Space lattice and unit cell
  - (b) Elements of Symmetry
- 14. Write short notes on
  - a) Intermolecular forces

- b) Eyring theory of crystal
- 15. Write a short note on
  - a) What do you mean by liquid crystals?
  - b) What is the difference between Nematic liquid crystals and Smectic liquid crystals?

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