St. Xavier's College Jaipur

INTRODUCTION TO PSYCHOLOGY PSY-51T-101

QUESTION BANK

Unit I - Introduction

Section A - Very short answer type questions: to be answered within 20 words

- 1. Define the field of psychology.
- 2. Who were the founders of the following schools of psychological thought:
 - a) Structuralism
 - b) Behaviorism
 - c) Functionalism
 - d) Psychoanalysis
 - e) Gestalt Psychology
- 3. Who established the first psychology laboratory and in which year?
- 4. Which school of psychological thought primarily relies on case studies for data collection?
- 5. What are the merits of utilizing a questionnaire in psychological research?
- 6. Define the term "variable" in the context of research.
- 7. Differentiate between independent and dependent variables.
- 8. What is a quasi-experiment in psychological research?
- 9. How does a field experiment differ from a controlled laboratory experiment in psychology?
- 10. Why is psychology regarded as a scientific discipline?

Section B- Short answer type questions: to be answered between 50 - 100 words

- 1. Enumerate the principal functions served by an interview in research or investigative contexts.
- 2. Please articulate the distinctions between a formal interview and an informal interview.
- 3. Identify and elucidate the potential sources of error that may arise within the interview method.
- 4. Delineate the fundamental disparities between an experimental group and a control group in research.
- 5. Expound upon the limitations associated with the utilization of an interview as a research method.

- 6. Elaborate on the differentiation between participant observation and non-participant observation in the realm of research.
- 7. Describe the methodologies employed in training interviewers for proficient data collection.
- 8. How can relevant variables be effectively controlled in a research setting?
- 9. Provide a comprehensive elucidation on the limitations inherent in the case study method.
- 10. Clarify the research methodologies employed by structuralists and functionalists in their studies.

Section C - Long answer type questions: to be answered between 400 - 500 words

- 1. Elucidate the principles and tenets of the following schools of psychological thought:
 - a) Structuralism
 - b) Behaviourism
 - c) Functionalism
- 2. Write a critical evaluation of Gestalt psychology and Psychoanalysis as established schools of psychological thought.
- 3. Elaborate on the modern perspective utilized for the comprehensive understanding of psychology.
- 4. Provide a detailed explanation of the observation method, including its procedures and applications.
- 5. How can a case study be effectively employed as a significant technique for data collection in psychological research?
- 6. Expound upon the experimental method, encompassing its procedural intricacies and applications in psychological research.
- 7. What are the methodologies through which an experimenter can proficiently gather data utilizing survey methods in psychological research?

Unit II - Biological Basis of Behaviour

Section A- Very short answer type questions: to be answered within 20 words

- 1. Kindly provide concise definitions for the following terms:
 - a) Neuron
 - b) Dendrites
 - c) Axon
 - d) Glial cells
 - e) Axon terminals
 - f) Synapse
- 2. Elucidate the concept of neurotransmitters in neurobiology?
- 3. Define the nervous system and its pivotal role in physiological processes.
- 4. What is the speed at which messages are transmitted in a myelinated neuron?

- 5. What is the specific value and unit of electrical charge across the membrane at the resting potential of a neuron?
- 6. What is the master gland within the human endocrine system?
- 7. Provide a comprehensive definition of the endocrine system and its crucial functions in human physiology.
- 8. What is the corpus callosum?
- 9. Define the reticular activating system and its significance in regulating consciousness and arousal.
- 10. What is the ratio between glial cells and myelinated neurons in the human nervous system?

Section B- Short answer type questions: to be answered between 50 - 100 words

- 1. Explain the concept of graded potential in neuronal physiology.
- 2. Define and elaborate on the phenomenon known as action potential in neurobiology.
- 3. Elucidate the principle of an all-or-none response in the context of neural activity?
- 4. Provide a comprehensive explanation of the excitatory and inhibitory effects of neurotransmitters in synaptic transmission.
- 5. Differentiate between agonist and antagonist substances in their respective interactions with neurotransmitter receptors.
- 6. What is the nature and significance of endorphins in neurophysiology?
- 7. Articulate the distinctions between afferent and efferent nerve fibers in the context of neural pathways?
- 8. Elucidate the differences between the sympathetic and parasympathetic divisions of the autonomic nervous system.
- 9. Describe the specific functions attributed to the various lobes of the brain in cognitive and sensory processing.
- 10. Provide a detailed explanation of the anatomical structure and functional role of the limbic system in the human brain.

Section C - Long answer type questions: to be answered between 400 - 500 words

- 1. Elucidate the process through which messages are transmitted within a neuron.
- 2. Provide a detailed explanation of synaptic transmission and its crucial role in neural communication.
- 3. Expound upon the concept of neurotransmitters, including their primary locations and effects within the nervous system?
- 4. Elaborate on the intricate structure and multifaceted functions of the human brain.
- 5. Explain the vital functions that hormones serve within the human body.
- 6. Describe the specific roles and responsibilities of the autonomic nervous system in regulating physiological processes.

Unit III - Attention, Sensation and Perception

Section A- Very short answer type questions: to be answered within 20 words

- 1. Define Perception.
- 2. What are the characteristics of Perception?
- 3. What is Attention?
- 4. What do you mean by Sensation?
- 5. What are sensory receptors?
- 6. What are rods and cones?
- 7. Define constancy.
- 8. Define habituation.
- 9. What is dark adaptation?
- 10. What are saccadic movements?

Section B- Short answer type questions: to be answered between 50 - 100 words

- 1. Explain the processes of sensory adaption.
- 2. Discuss factors influencing Perception.
- 3. Write a short note upon sensory thresholds.
- 4. What is habituation?
- 5. Write a note on size constancy.
- 6. Write a note on shape constancy.
- 7. Write a note on monocular cues.
- 8. Explain how light adaptation takes place.
- 9. Draw a detailed diagram of the structure of the eye.
- 10. Explain how sound travels and is processed through the different parts of the ear.

Section C - Long answer type questions: to be answered between 400 - 500 words

- 1. Discuss the factors influencing perception.
- 2. Elaborate upon the Gestalt principles influencing perception.
- 3. Elaborate upon the process of sensation.
- 4. Discuss the meaning and nature of attention.
- 5. Discuss the meaning and nature of sensation.

Unit IV - Personality

Section A- Very short answer type questions: to be answered within 20 words

- 1. Define personality.
- 2. What is an inventory?
- 3. What is projective technique?
- 4. What is a behavioural assessment?
- 5. Give an example of a projective test of personality.

- 6. What are traits?
- 7. What do you mean by trait theory?
- 8. What is a type?
- 9. What are Cardinal Traits?
- 10. What do you mean by type theory?

Section B- Short answer type questions: to be answered between 50 - 100 words

- 1. What is Allport's Theory of Personality?
- 2. What is Cattell's Theory of Personality?
- 3. What is the idea behind McCrae and Costa's theory of personality?
- 4. What are the uses of assessment of personality?
- 5. Write about the inventories of personality assessment.
- 6. What are the possible influences behind personality development?
- 7. Explain how self-assessment inventories can be used to assess personality.
- 8. Explain how behavioural assessment techniques can be used to assess personality.
- 9. Explain how Projective techniques can be used to assess personality.
- 10. Write a short note on personality.

Section C - Long answer type questions: to be answered between 400 - 500 words

- 1. Explain Allport's Theory of Personality.
- 2. Elaborate upon the trait theories of personality.
- 3. Elaborate upon the type theories of personality
- 4. Discuss about projective techniques of personality assessment.
- 5. Discuss about behavioural assessment of personality.